

Time-Varying Graphs and Dynamic Networks

—

(invited paper)

A. Casteigts, P. Flocchini, W. Quattrociocchi, N. Santoro

ADHOC-NOW'11

Universität Paderborn

July 20th, 2011

Dynamic Networks ?

In fact, *highly* dynamic networks.

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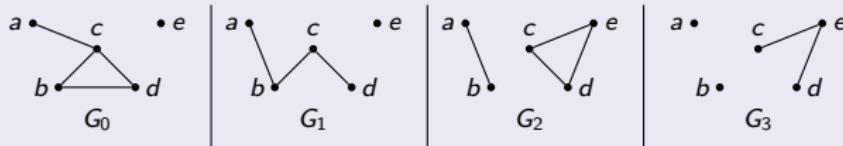
Practical vs. Analytical

- Practical : evaluation through simulation
 - Reproducibility issues ; Limited understanding.
- Analytical : feasibility, correctness, complexity, etc.
 - Need for appropriate concepts & formalisms

Dynamic graphs

Evolving graphs [Ferreira 2004]

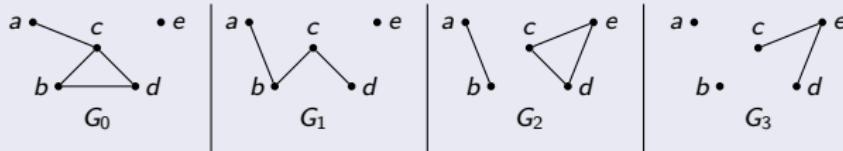
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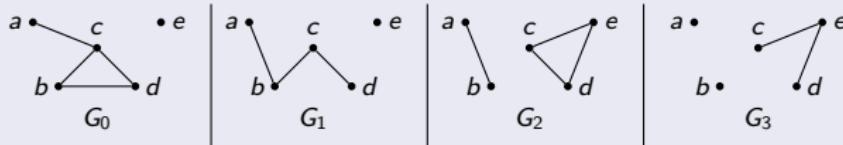
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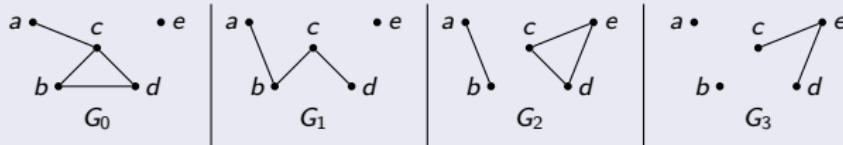


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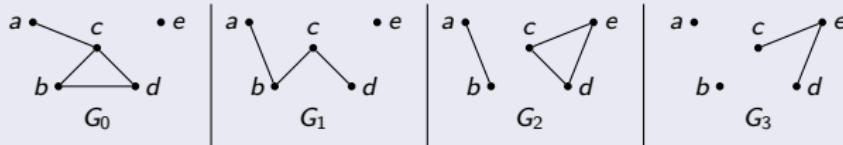
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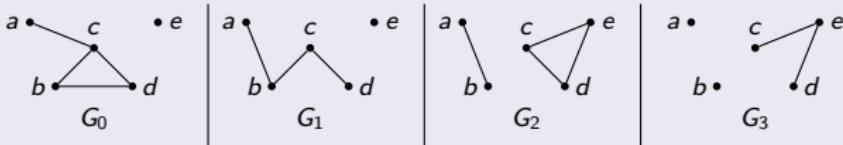
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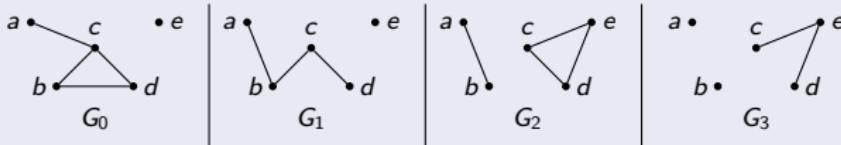
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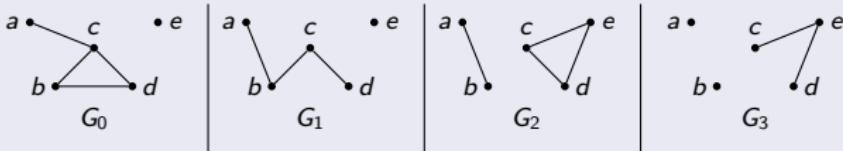
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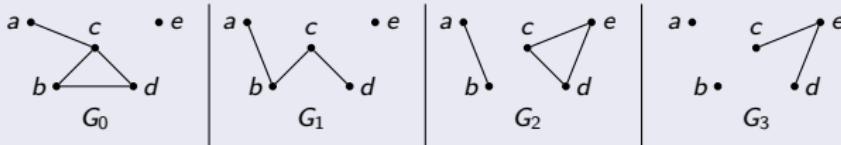
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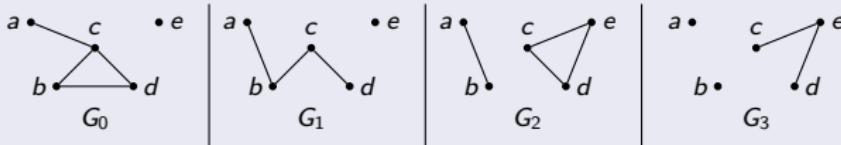
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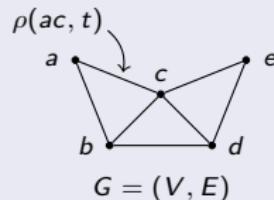
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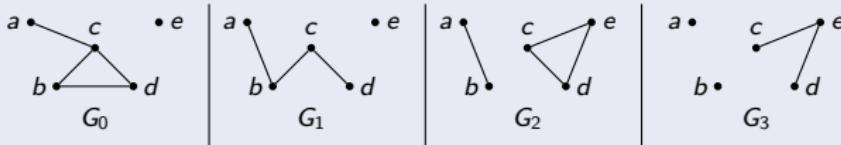
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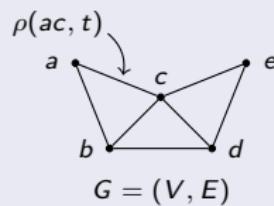
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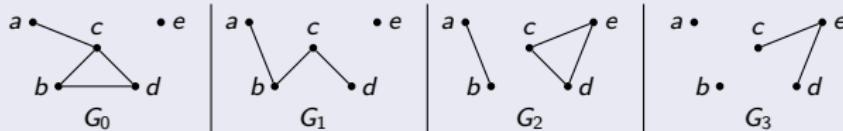


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(Graph-centric)

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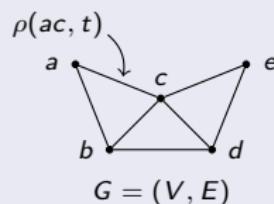


Time-Varying graphs

(Edge-centric)

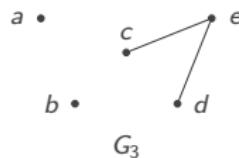
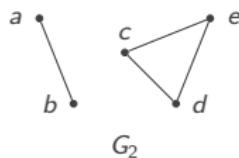
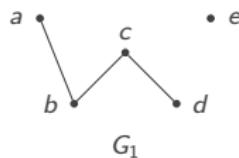
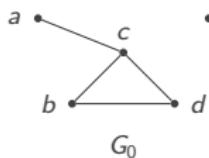
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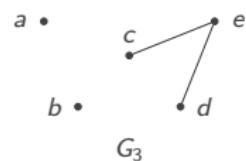
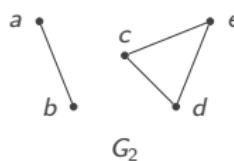
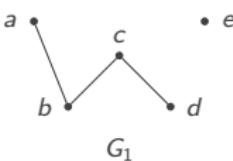
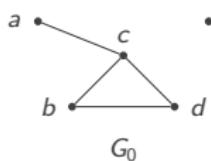


Mostly equivalent. We use them interchangeably based on the point of view.

What about graph concepts?

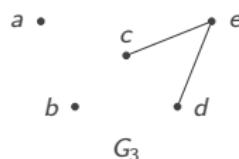
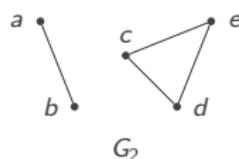
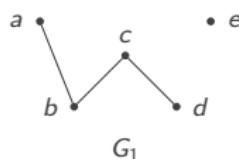
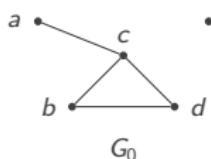


What about graph concepts?



⇒ Connectivity over time.

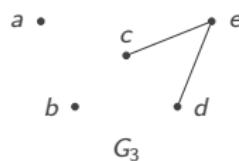
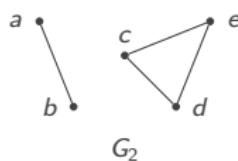
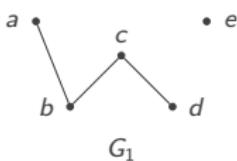
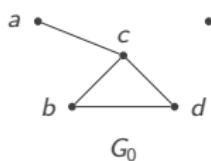
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Concept of *journey* : sequence of couples $\mathcal{J} = (e_1, t_1), (e_2, t_2) \dots, (e_k, t_k)$, such that e_1, e_2, \dots, e_k is a walk in G , t_1, t_2, \dots, t_k is a non-decreasing sequence of dates from \mathbb{T} , and $\rho(e_i, t_i) = 1$ for all i .

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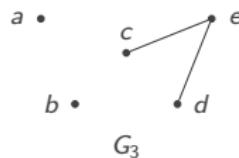
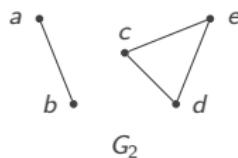
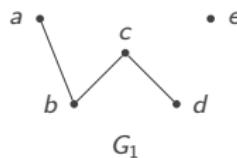
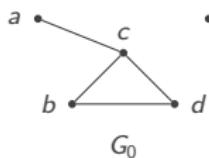
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Not symmetrical ! (e.g. $a \rightsquigarrow e$, but $e \not\rightsquigarrow a$)

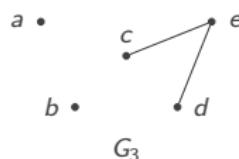
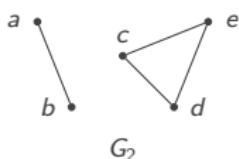
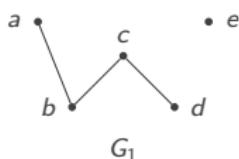
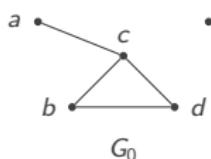
Journeys in literature

- Schedule-conforming path [Berman, Networks, 1996]
- Time-respecting path [Kempe et al., STOC'00] [Holme, Physical Review, 2005]
- Temporal path [Chaintreau et al., Comm. Surveys & Tutorials, 2008]
- Journey [Bui-Xuan et al., J. Found. Comp. Sc., 2003]
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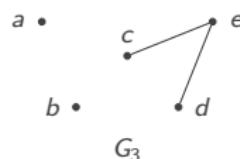
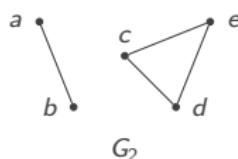
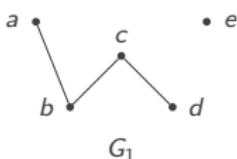
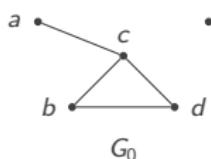


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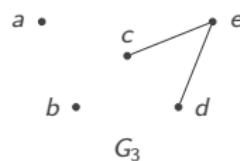
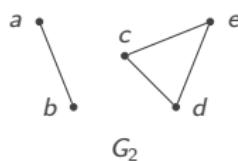
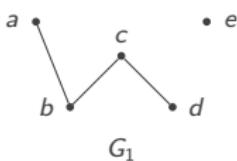
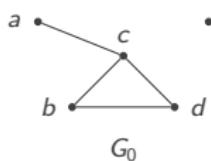


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Temporal distance in literature

- Minimal arrival date [Bui-Xuan et al., J. Found. Comp. Sc., 2003]
- Reachability time [Holme, Physical Review, 2005]
- Information latency [Kossinets et al., KDD'08]
- Temporal proximity [Kostakos, Physica A., 2009]
- ...

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Other concepts

- Time-Connected Components [Bhadra et al., ADHOC-NOW'03]
- Temporal diameter & eccentricity [Bui-Xuan et al., J. Found. Comp. Sc., 2003]
- Temporal View [Kossinets et al, KDD'08]
- Dynamic Expansion [Clementi et al, PODC'08]
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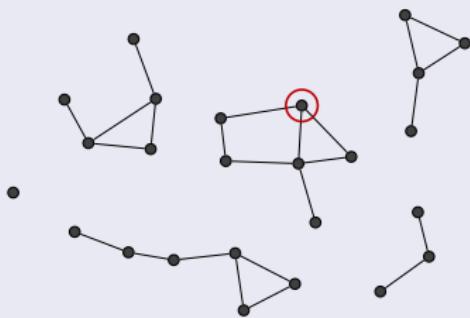
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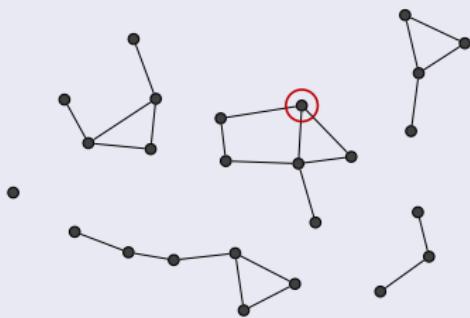
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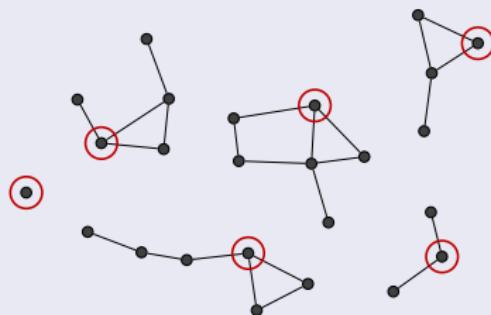
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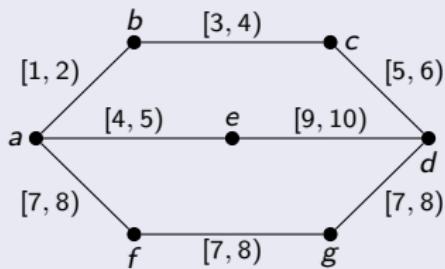
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Optimal journey / broadcast

[Bui-Xuan et al. 2003]



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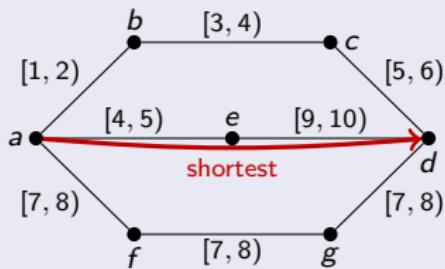
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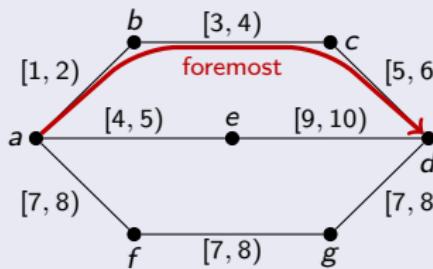
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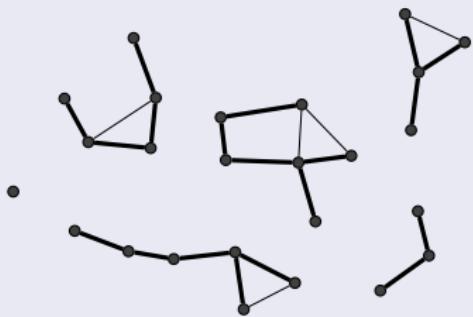
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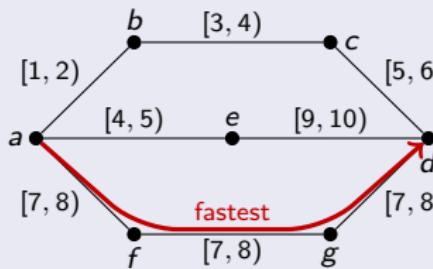
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Temporal properties on dynamic graphs ?

Impact of properties on the feasibility/complexity ?

Static properties on graphs

- Symmetries for DETERMINISTIC ELECTION (impossibility)
- Planarity for FACE ROUTING (necessary condition)
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→ The field is just opening.

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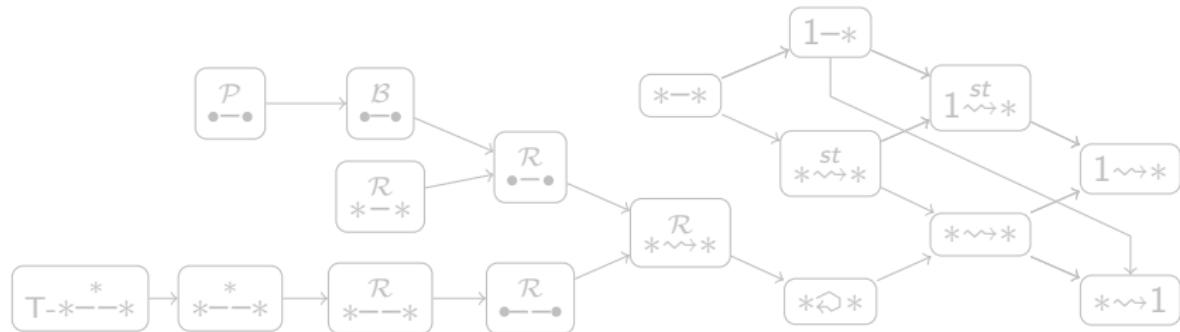
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- ...

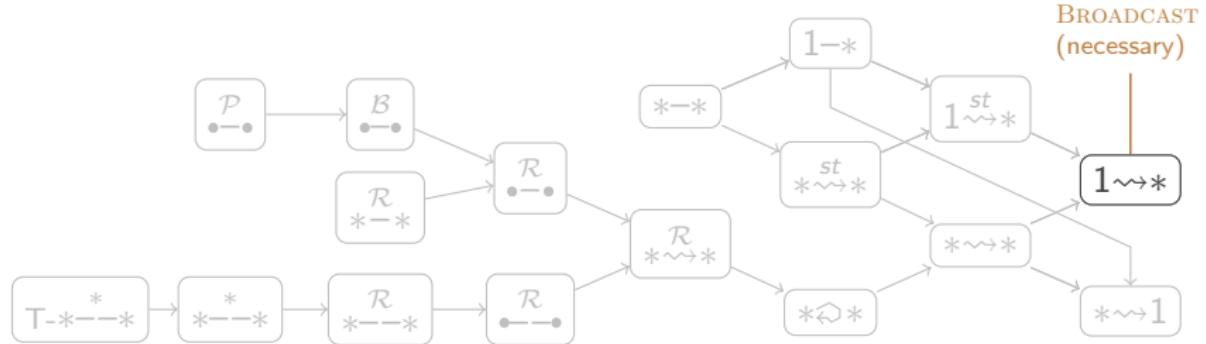
→ The field is just opening.

We are striving to collect and organize early results and emerging properties.

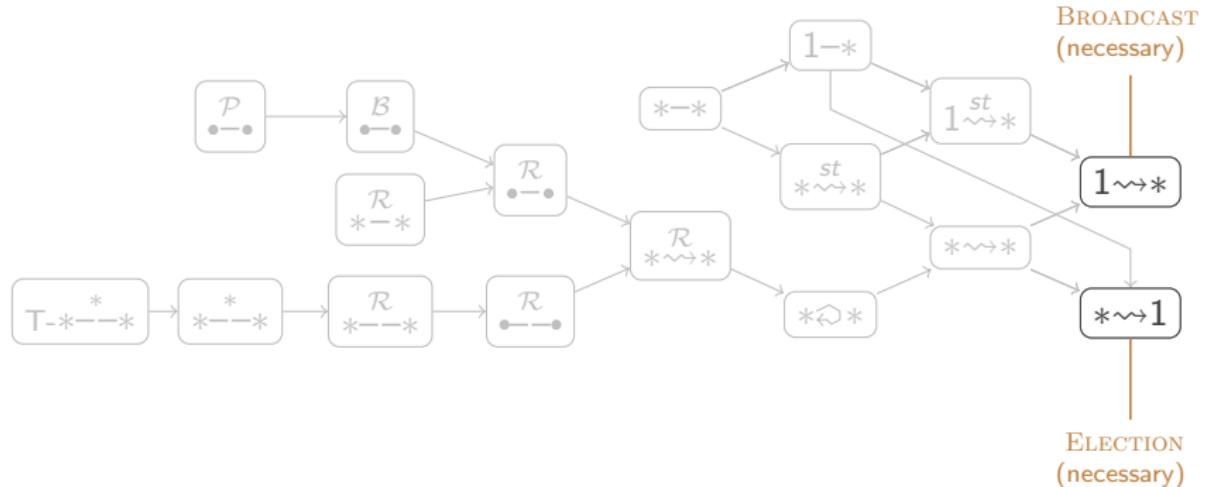
Some classes of dynamic graphs – hierarchy



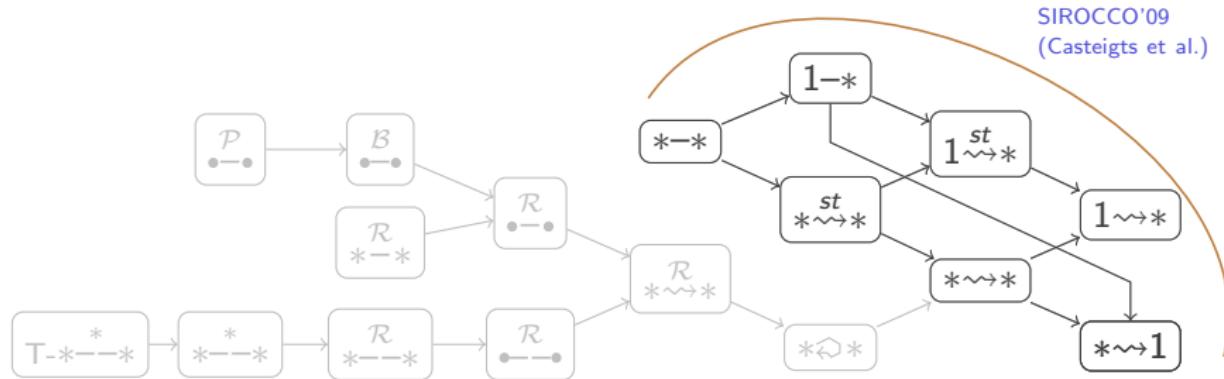
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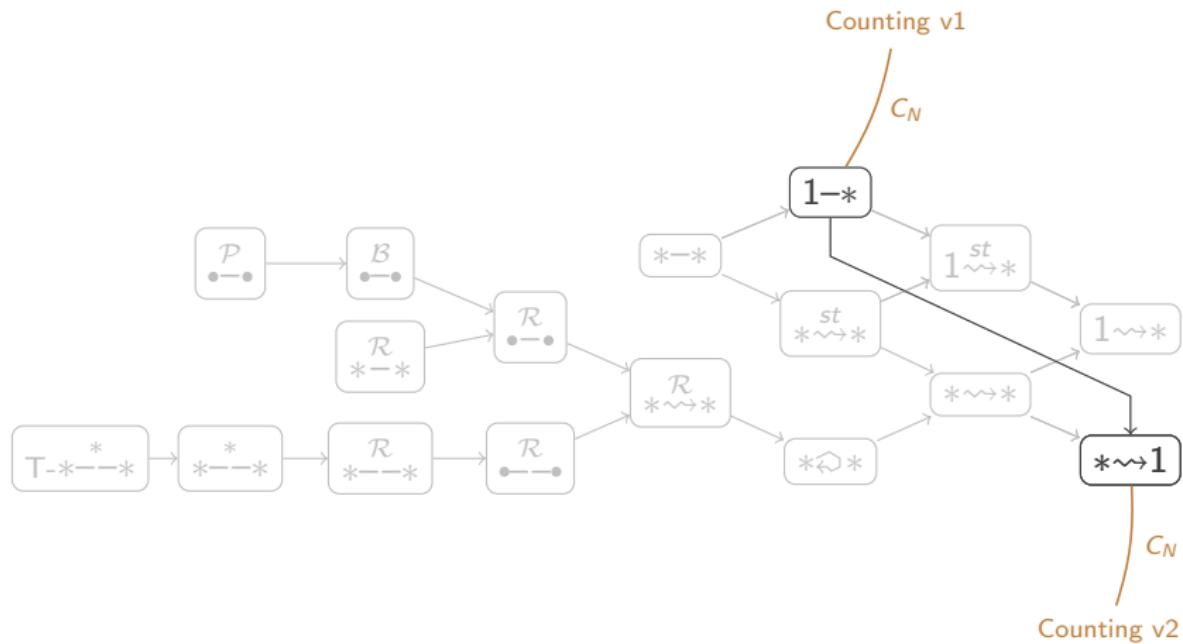


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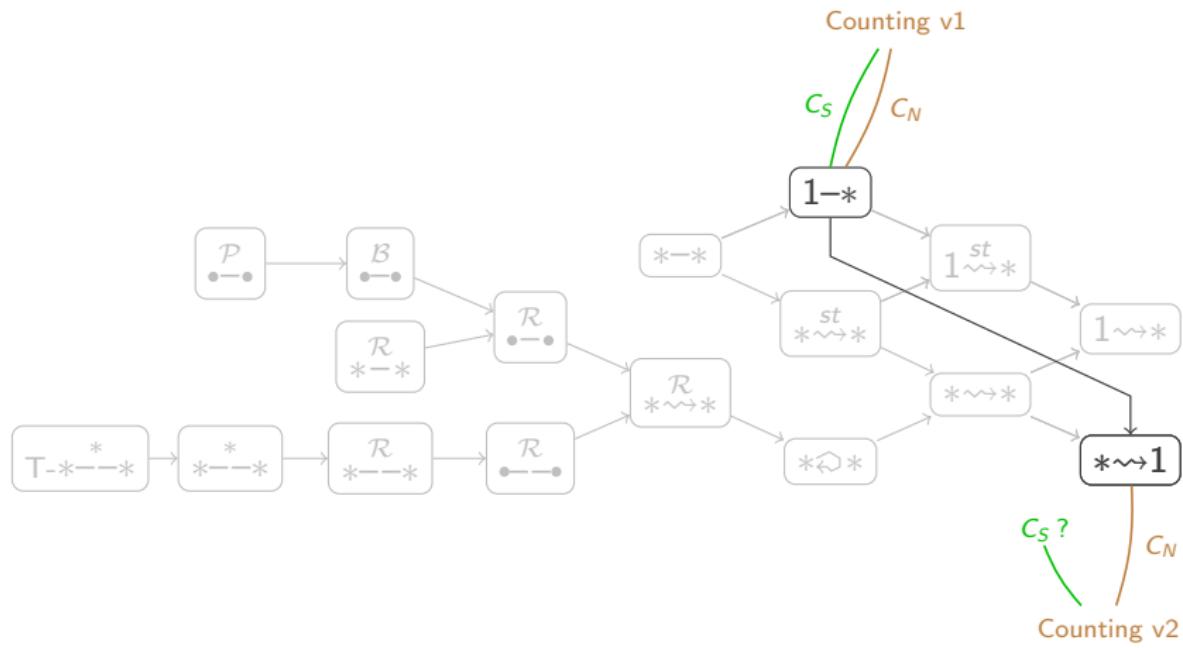


SIROCCO'09
(Casteigts et al.)

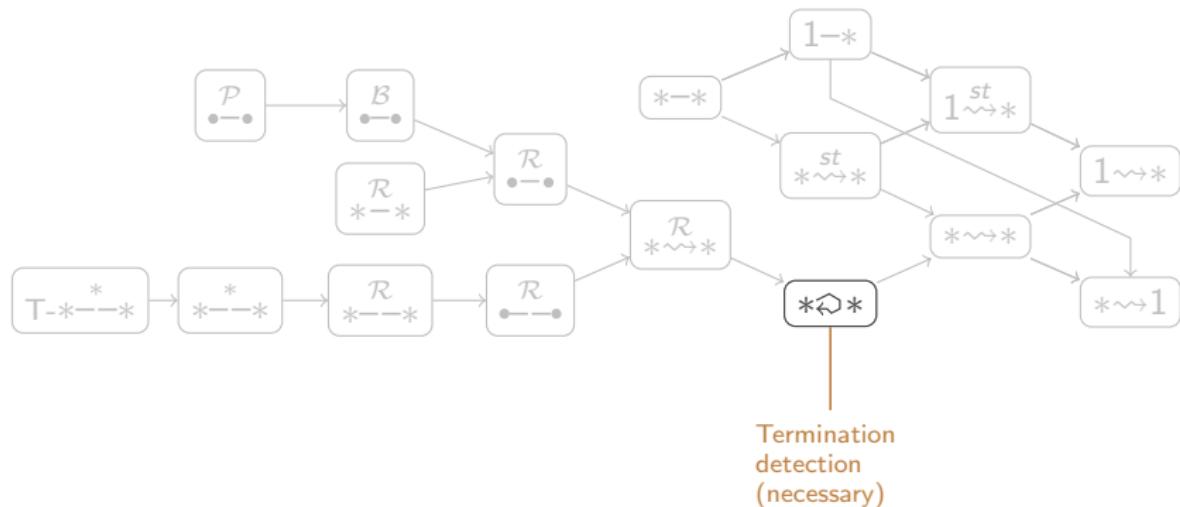
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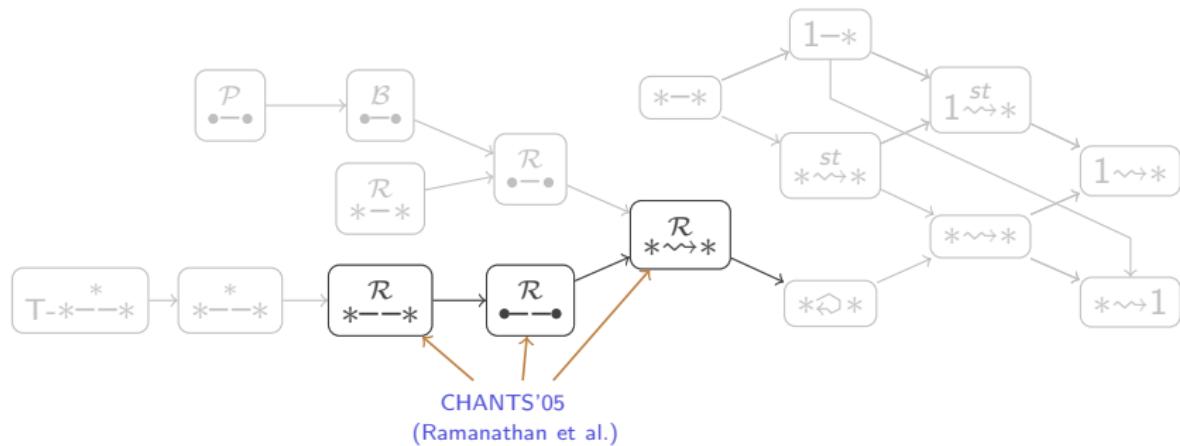
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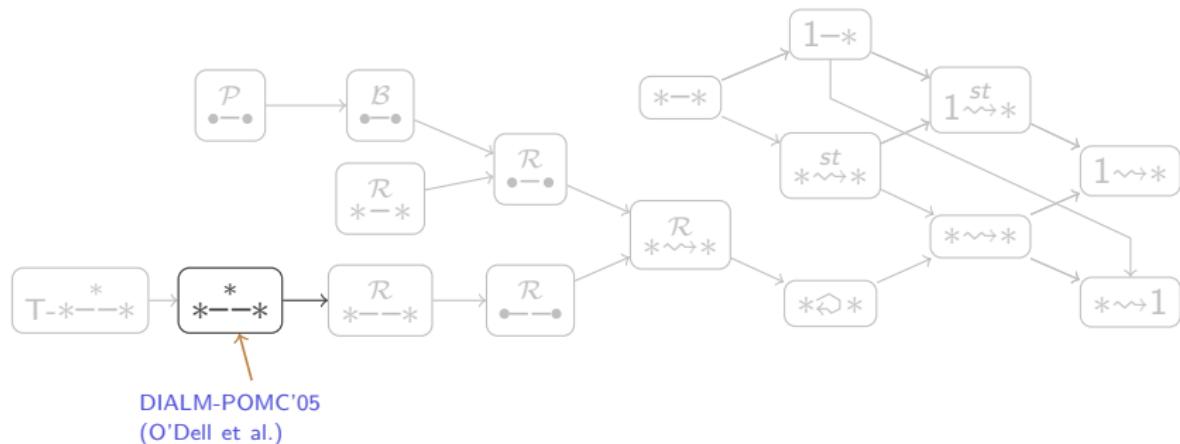
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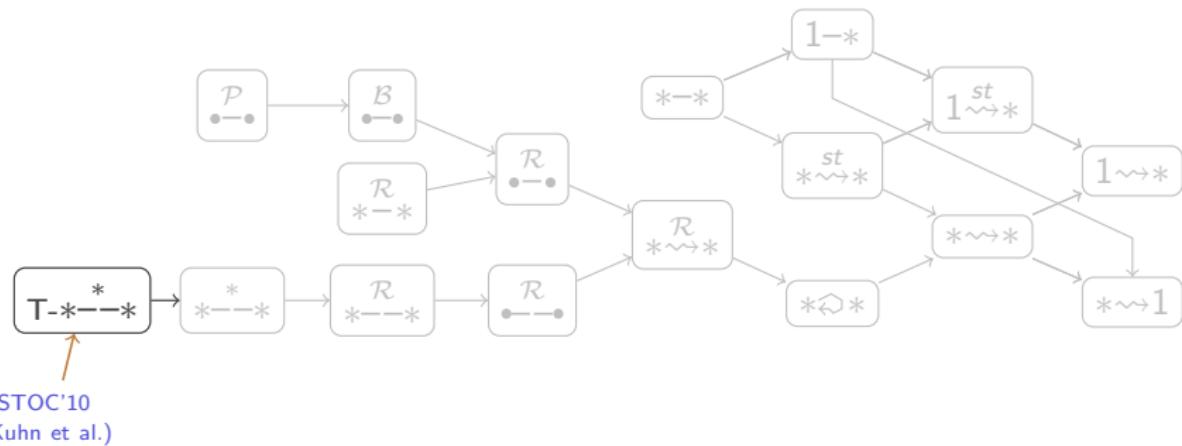
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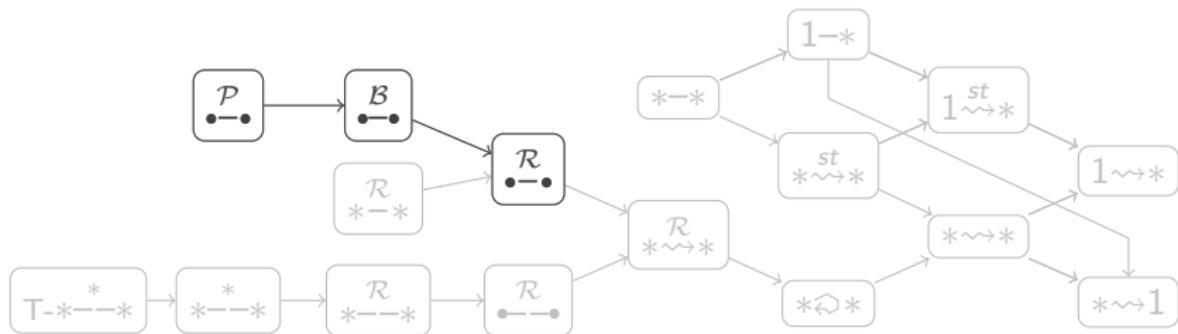
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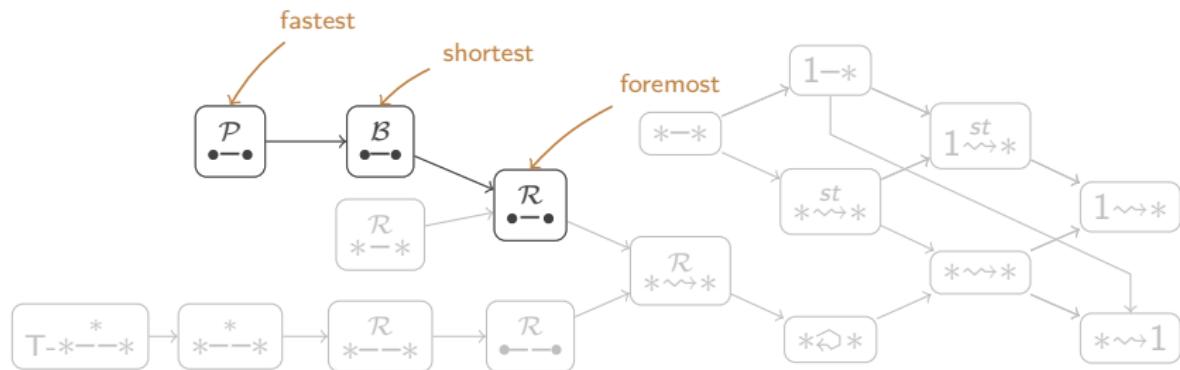
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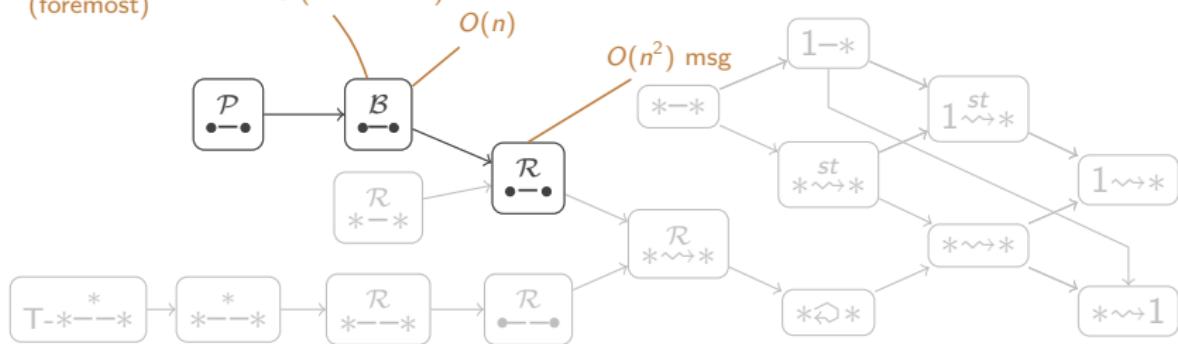


Some classes of dynamic graphs – hierarchy



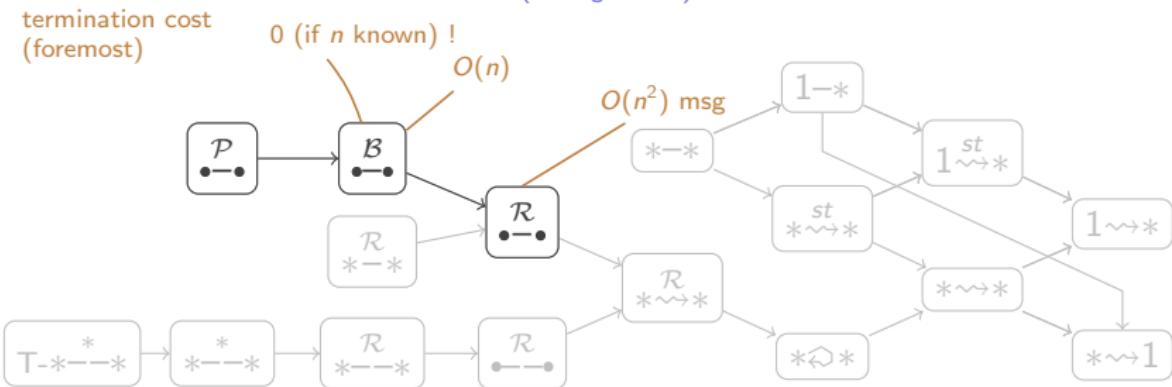
Some classes of dynamic graphs – hierarchy

termination cost
(foremost)

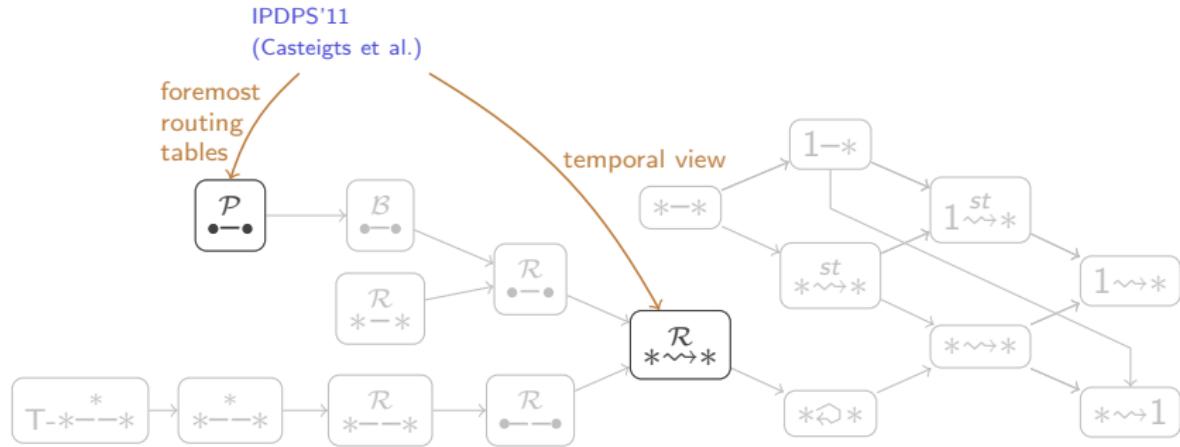


Some classes of dynamic graphs – hierarchy

IFIP TCS'10
(Casteigts et al.)



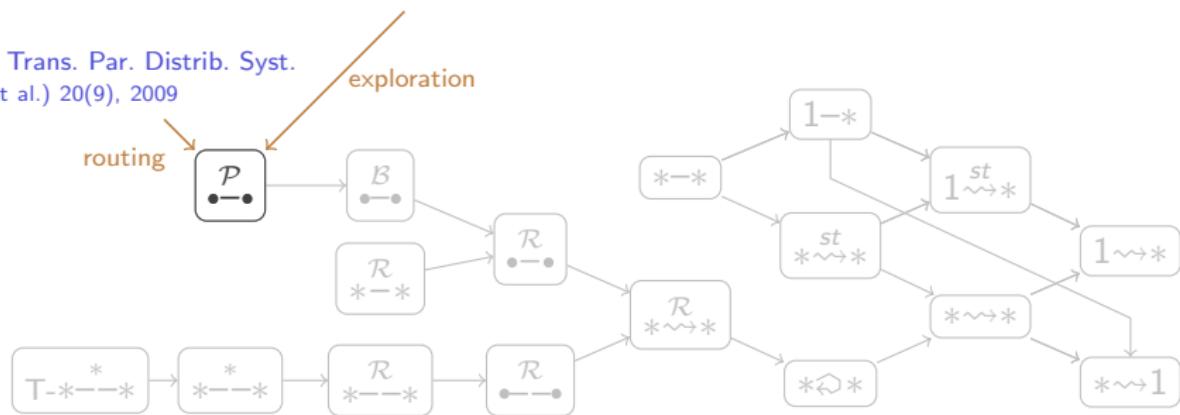
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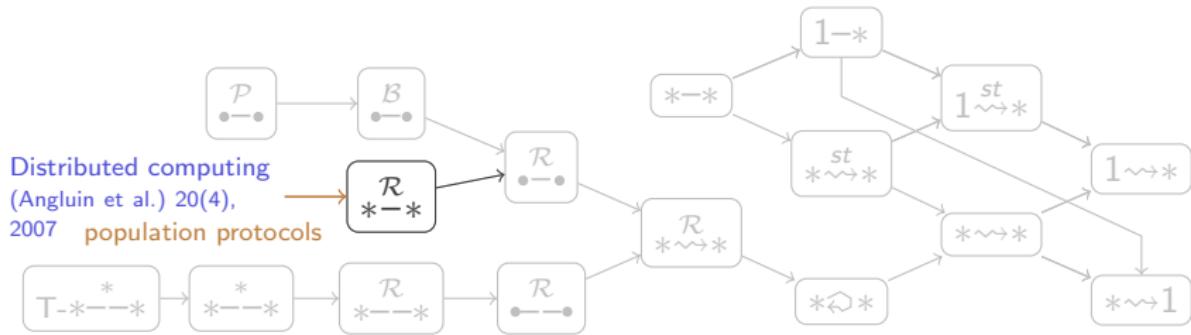
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IEEE Trans. Par. Distrib. Syst.
(Liu et al.) 20(9), 2009

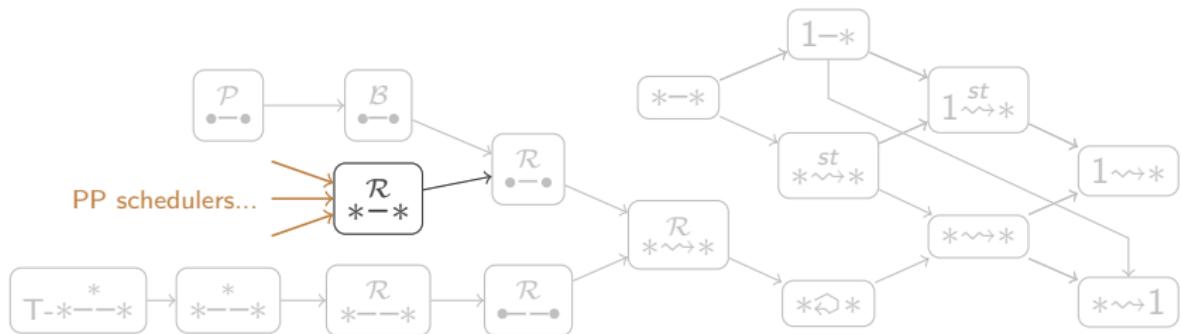
ISAAC'09
(Flocchini et al.)



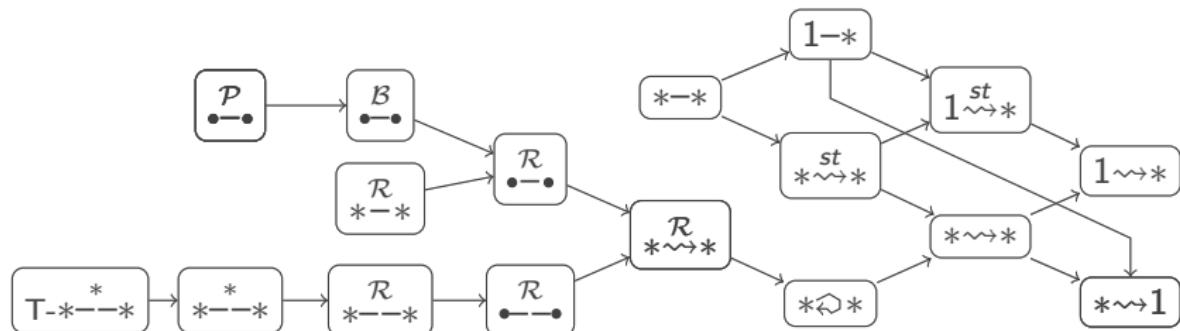
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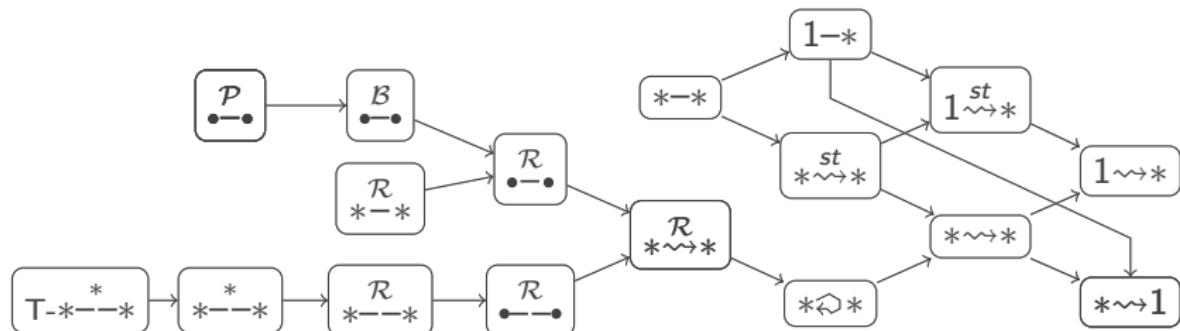
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Thank you !